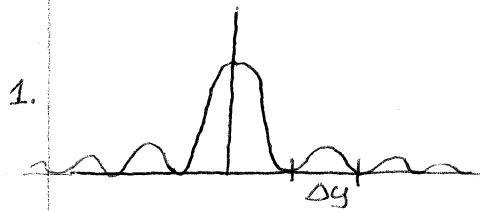
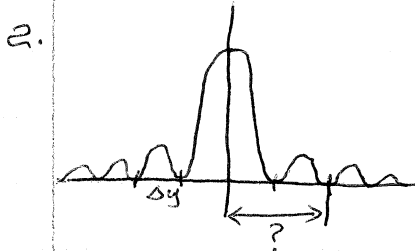


HOMEWORK # 2 SOLUTIONS



$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= 1 \text{ mm} \\ \lambda &= 610 \text{ nm} \\ D &= 1.0 \text{ m}, a = ?\end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{D\lambda}{a} \quad \therefore a = \frac{D\lambda}{\Delta y} = \frac{1 \times 610 \times 10^{-9}}{1 \times 10^{-3}} = \boxed{0.61 \text{ mm}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\lambda &= 630 \text{ nm} \\ a &= 0.4 \text{ mm} \\ D &= 2.0 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= \frac{D\lambda}{a} \\ &= \frac{2 \times 630 \times 10^{-9}}{0.4 \times 10^{-3}} \\ &= \boxed{3.15 \text{ mm}}\end{aligned}$$

DISTANCE FROM THE CENTER OF THE CENTRAL BRIGHT FRINGE TO THE 2ND MINIMUM ON ONE SIDE = $2\Delta y = 6.3 \text{ mm}$

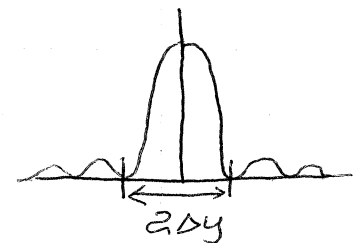
3. a) $2\Delta y = \frac{2D\lambda}{a}$

$$\begin{aligned}(2\Delta y)_{\text{BLUE}} &= \frac{2D}{a} \lambda_{\text{BLUE}} \\ (2\Delta y)_{\text{RED}} &= \frac{2D}{a} \lambda_{\text{RED}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(2\Delta y)_{\text{BLUE}}}{(2\Delta y)_{\text{RED}}} = \frac{\lambda_{\text{BLUE}}}{\lambda_{\text{RED}}} = \frac{430 \text{ nm}}{700 \text{ nm}} = \frac{43}{70} < 1$$

$$\Rightarrow (2\Delta y)_{\text{R}} > (2\Delta y)_{\text{BLUE}}$$

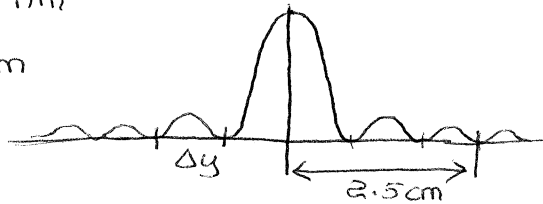
WIDER IF RED LIGHT IS USED



b) $(2\Delta y)_{\text{RED}} = \frac{\lambda_{\text{RED}} \times (2\Delta y)_{\text{BLUE}}}{\lambda_{\text{BLUE}}} = \frac{0.7 \mu\text{m}}{0.43 \mu\text{m}} \times 2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m} = \boxed{3.26 \text{ cm}}$

4. $\lambda = 490 \text{ nm}$

$D = 3.2 \text{ m}$



$3\Delta y = 2.5 \text{ cm}$

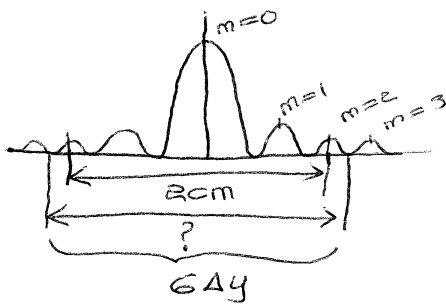
$\therefore \Delta y = \frac{2.5}{3} = 0.833 \text{ cm}$

$\Delta y = \frac{D\lambda}{a}$

$\therefore a = \frac{D\lambda}{\Delta y} = \frac{3.2 \times 490 \text{ nm}}{0.833 \times 10^{-2}}$

$a = 0.19 \text{ mm}$

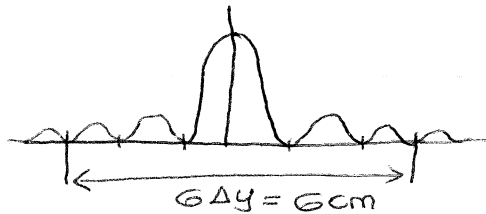
5.



$5\Delta y = 2 \text{ cm} \Rightarrow \Delta y = \frac{2}{5} \text{ cm}$

$6\Delta y = 6 \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ cm} = 2.5 \text{ cm}$

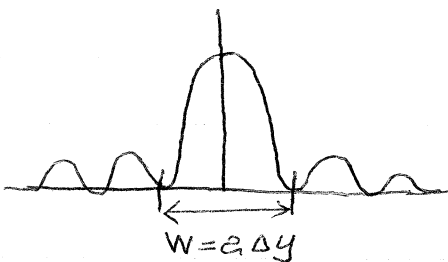
6. $\lambda = 500 \text{ nm}$, $D = 4 \text{ m}$



$\therefore \Delta y = 1 \text{ cm}$

$a = \frac{D\lambda}{\Delta y} = \frac{4 \times 500 \text{ nm}}{1 \times 10^{-2}} = 2000 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$

7.



$W = 2\Delta y = \frac{2D\lambda}{a}$

$a' = 2a \rightarrow W' = 2\Delta y'$

$= \frac{2D\lambda}{a'}$

$= \frac{2D\lambda}{2a}$

$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2D\lambda}{a} \right) = \frac{1}{2} W$

$\therefore W' = \frac{1}{2} W$

IT HALVES